

Slope → equation for a line  
 → constant rate of change

$$\rightarrow \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}}$$

→ x's & y's

$$\rightarrow y = mx + b$$

↑

$$\rightarrow \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = m$$

slope

Points  
 $(x_1, y_1)$   
 $(x_2, y_2)$

# Slope-intercept

$$f(x) = mx + b$$

A blue rounded rectangle contains the equation  $y = mx + b$ . Below the  $m$ , there is an upward-pointing arrow and the word "Slope". Below the  $b$ , there is an upward-pointing arrow and the text "y-int.".

$$y = mx + b$$

Slope      y-int.

## Point - slope

$$y_2 - y_1 = m(x_2 - x_1)$$

$$y = m(x - x_1) + y_1$$

Slope      point

## General Form

$$Ax + By = C$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 3x & + & 4y = 5 \\ -3x & & -3x \end{array}$$

$$\frac{4y}{4} = \frac{-3x+5}{4}$$

$$y = \frac{-3x+5}{4}$$

$$y = 2(x - 3) + 9 \rightarrow \text{point slope}$$

$$y = 2x - 6 + 9$$

$$y = 2x + 3$$

$$y = 2(0 - 3) + 9$$

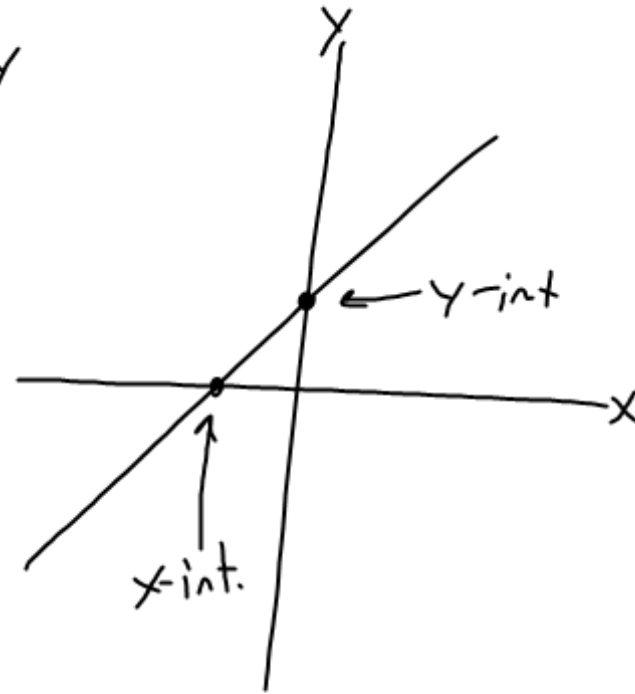
↑  
finds y-int

$$y = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow y = mx + b$$
$$y = 2x + 3$$

$x$ -intercept  $\rightarrow$  plug 0 in for  $y$

$y$ -intercept  $\rightarrow$  plug 0 in for  $x$



$$y = m(x - x_1) + y_1$$

① Graph  $5x - 2y = -4$

see next page

② Write an equation in point-slope form and slope-int. form for the line passing through the points  $(-4, 10)$   $(-6, 15)$ . Find the x-int. and y-int.

$$m = \frac{15 - 10}{-6 - -4} = \frac{5}{-2}$$

$$y = -\frac{5}{2}(x + 4) + 10 \rightarrow -\frac{5}{2}(0 + 4) + 10$$

$$y\text{-int} = 0$$

$$y = mx + b$$

$$y = -\frac{5}{2}x$$

x-int. plug 0 for y

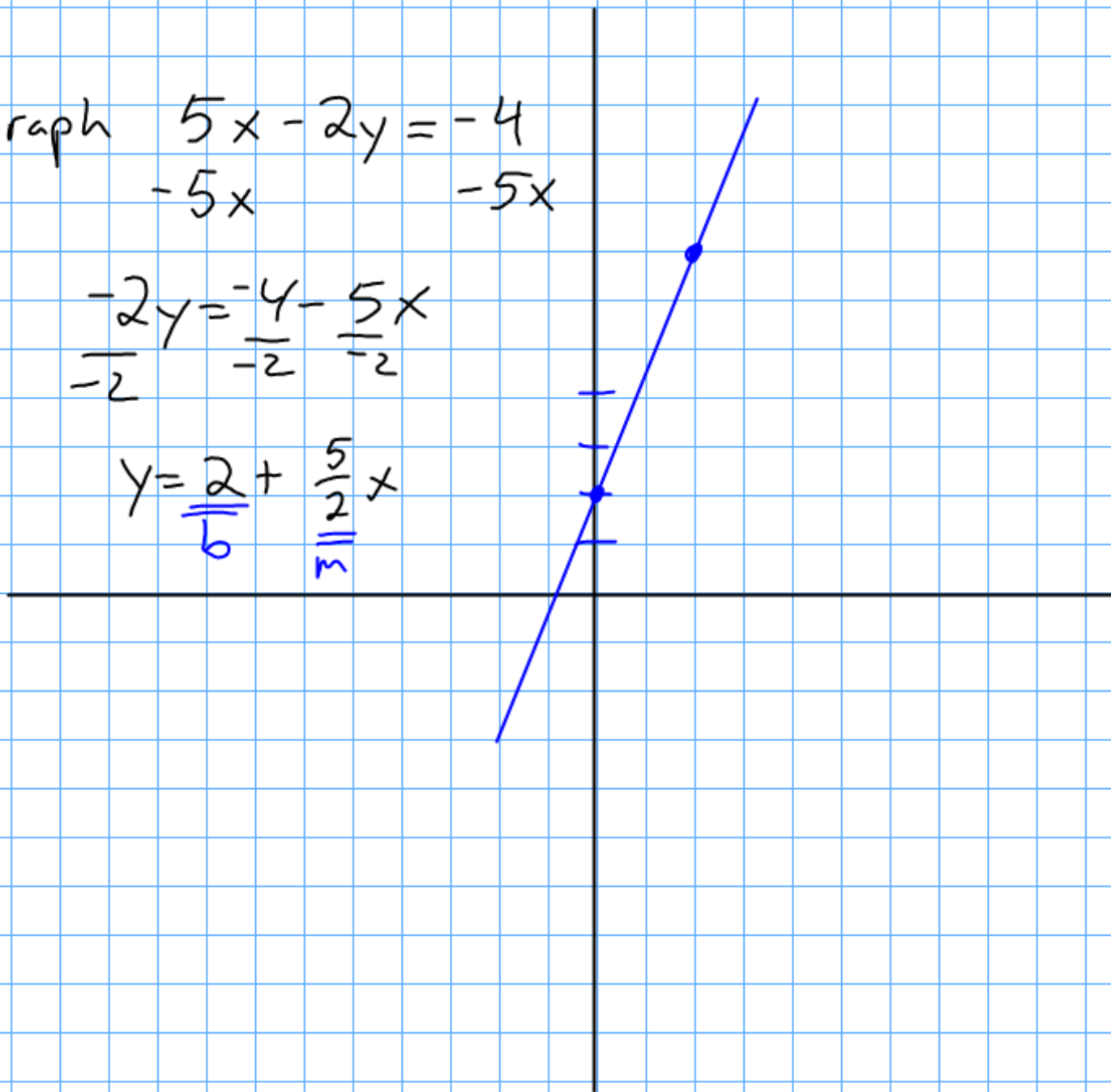
$$\begin{array}{r} 0 = -2.5x \\ -2.5 \quad -2.5 \end{array}$$

$$0 = x\text{-int}$$

① Graph  $5x - 2y = -4$   
 $-5x$   $-5x$

$$\frac{-2y}{-2} = \frac{-4}{-2} - \frac{5x}{-2}$$

$$y = \underline{\underline{2}} + \underline{\underline{\frac{5}{2}}}x$$

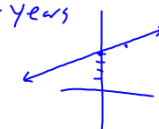




- ③ A tree 5 feet tall grows on average 8 in. a year.

Write an equation to model the height,  $y$ , after  $x$  years. Graph the equation.

$$y = 60 + 8x \quad \leftarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{inches} \\ \text{feet} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{years} \\ \text{years} \end{array}$$

$$y = \frac{8}{3}x + 5$$


- ④ A 2 mile cab ride costs \$5.25 and a 5 mile cab ride costs \$10.50. Write an equation to model the cost of a cab ride as a function of the miles traveled.

(a) How much does a 3.8 mile ride cost?

(b) How far can you go for \$20.00?

$$5.25 \div 2 = 2.625$$

$$10.50 \div 5 = 2.10$$

$$(2, 5.25) \quad (5, 10.50)$$

$$\frac{10.50 - 5.25}{5 - 2} = \frac{5.25}{3}$$

$$y = 1.75(x - 5) + 10.50$$

$$y = 1.75x - 8.75 + 10.50$$

$$y = 1.75x + 1.75$$

↑      ↑      ↑  
\$      miles      ?

$$y = 1.75(3.8) + 1.75$$

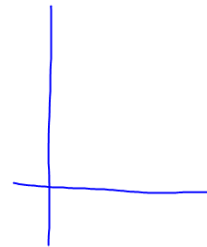
$$y = 8.40$$

$$20 = 1.75x + 1.75$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -1.75 \\ 18.25 = 1.75x \end{array}$$

$$\frac{18.25}{1.75} = \frac{1.75x}{1.75}$$

$$10.43 = x$$



#30

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{2}t - 2$$

$$f(-5) = \frac{1}{2}(-5) - 2 = -4.5$$

$$f(-3) = \frac{1}{2}(-3) - 2 = -3.5$$

$$f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - 2 = -1.75$$

$$f(4) = \frac{1}{2}(4) - 2 = 0$$

Sect. 2.2

#6-10, 15-18, 20, 28, 54-56, 66

Green sheet (Front)